"To encourage the observation and study of the birds of the Toowoomba area."

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NEWS-SHEET No. 50 - FEBRUARY, 1980.

By now you are aware that Ron Hopkinson is no longer editor of this newssheet. Ron held the position since October 1976 but as stated last month must now give it up. During his period in office he maintained a high standard for the news-sheet ensuring enjoyment and enlightenment fo all readers.

I feel it is only appropriate that it be in this news-sheet that we say "thank you" to Ron for all his fine work in the past, and that we hope to continue to see him at future outings.

I hope in future to maintain the standard set by Ron and would point out that success of this news-sheet depends on support given by you, the members of this Club.

For those of you who have tried unsuccessfully to contact Bill Jolly recently, Bill is no longer at Ringmere. He is in the process of relocating and as yet is incommunicado.

As yet very little use has been made of the Club library. Periodicals regularly received by the Club are:

The Darling Downs Naturalist Urimbirra The Bird Observer Q.O.S. Newsletter Sunbird ECOS Birds.

In future I will be bringing issues of each periodical for the current and preceding year on field trips. On these occasions members may borrow one or two issues for a nominal period of one month.

After a trial period these arrangements will be reviewed.



J. Gregor, Editor.

RARE BIRDS SEARCH.

All members of this Club are no doubt aware of, if not actively involved in, the production of the RAOU Atlas of Australian Birds.

What you may not be aware of is that during 1980 and 1981 the RAOU is mounting a special campaign to determine the distribution and abundance of 46 of Australia's rarest birds. In this it is seeking the help of all Australian bird watchers.

Any information which you have on the relevant species (listed below) should be sent to:

Headquaters of the Royal Australian Ornithologists Union, 21 Gladstone Street, Moonee Ponds, Victoria, 3039.

Even unconfirmed sightings are of use and the following is given as a guide to the type of information sought.

- 1. Description of adults and young.
- 2. Exact locality, grid reference if possible.
- Date of sighting(s).
- Description of habitat vegetation, including its condition, landform etc.
- 5. Recent weather.
- 6. Number of birds seen.
- Breeding information: timing; nest site and description; incubation period; number of eggs and young; success.
- Behaviour: feeding behaviour, food taken, displays, interaction with other birds of the same or different species, predation, parasitism, social grouping (single, pairs, flocks), calls. In other words, anything you observe the birds doing.
- 9. How you found them: any special techniques used.

RELEVANT SPECIES

Extremely Rare.

- 223 Red Goshawk Erythrotriorchis radiatus
- 016 Buff-breasted Button-quail Turnix olivei
- 020 Plains-wanderer Pedionomus torquatus
- 261 Double-eyed Fig-Parrot Psittaculirostris diophthalma coxeni (race on NSW/Queensland border)
- 312 Night Parrot Geopsittacus occidentalis
- 299 Paradise parrot Psephotus pulcherrimus
- 314 Marbled Frogmouth Podargus ocellatus plumiferus (race on NSW/ Queensland border)
- 442 Northern Scrub-robin Drymodes superciliaris colcloughi (race on Roper River, N.T.)
- 521 Rufous Bristelbird Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis (race in southwestern W.A.)
- 660 Blue-faced Finch Erythrura trichroa

RARE BIRDS SEARCH (cont'd).

Rare.

- 236 Grey Falcon Falco hypoleucos
- 017 Black-breasted Button-quail Turnix melanogaster
- 263 Palm Cockatoo Proposciger aterrimus
- 265 Glossy Black Cockatoo Calyptorhynchus lathami
- 275 Eclectus Parrot Eclectus roratus
- 279 Alexandra's Parrot Polytelis alexandrae
- 303 Scarlet-chested Parrot Neophema splendida
- 353 Red-bellied Pitta Pitta erythrogaster
- 442 Northern Scrub-robin Drymodes s.superciliaris (race on Cape York, Qld.)
- 416 Crested Shrike-tit Falcunculus frontatus whitei (race in northwestern Australia)
- 440 Nullarbor Quail-thrush Cinclosoma alisteri
- 518 Black Gradowren Amytornis housei
- 516 White-throated Grasswren Amytornis woodwardi
- 517 Carpentarian Grasswren Amytornis dorotheae
- 871 Grey Grasswren Amytornis barbatus
- 468 Chestnut-breasted Whiteface Aphelocephala pectoralis
- 604 Green-backed Honeyeater Glycichaera fallax
- 599 Grey Honeyeater Conopophila whitei
- 451 Yellow Chat Ephthianura crocea
- 688 Magnificent Riflebird Ptiloris magnificus

Becoming Rare.

- 300 Golden-shouldered Parrot Psephotus Chrysophterygius
- 301 Hooded Parrot Psephotus dissimilis
- 390 White-browed Robin Poecilodryas superciliosa cerviniventris (buff-sided race in north-western Australia)
- 542 Purple-crowned Fairy-wren Malurus coronatus
- 512 Thick-billed Grasswren Amytornis textilis
- 603 Regent Honeyeater Xanthomyza phrygia
- 667 Black-throated Finch *Poephila cincta cincta* (white-rumped southern race)
- 658 Yellow-rumped Mannikin Lonchura flaviprymna
- 670 Gouldian Finch Erythrura gouldiae

Cryptic.

- 047 Chestnut Rail Eulabeornis castaneoventris
- 052 White-browed Crake Poliolimnas cinereus
- 247 Rufous Owl Ninox rufa
- 250 Masked Owl Tyto novaehollandiae (mainland forms only)
- 252 Eastern Grass Owl Tyto longmembris
- 253 Sooty Own Tyto tenebricosa
- 314 Marbled Frogmouth *Podargus ocellatus marmoratus* (race on Cape York, Queensland).

Only two of these species (i.e. the Red Goshawk and the Glossy Black Cockatoo) have been recorded in the Toowoomba area.

John Gregor.

BUSH THICK-KNEE AT PINJARRA HILLS. (southern Stone-Curlew)

4

We were delighted when we observed for the first time, a pair of Bush Thick-knee in the paddock opposite our loungeroom window. This was on 18th October, 1979. We had heard them calling frequently but had been unable to locate them. From that day on we looked for them everyday in the same area, and were only occasionally disappointed. The paddock is covered in small saplings, trees and long grass, with areas cropped close by the horse which occupies it. Although it is close to several houses, it is rarely visited by humans.

During the day the birds moved around or sat quietly, preening or resting, usually within 2 metres of each other. When Masked lapwing or Noisy miner came too close, they would spread their wings and run towards the intruders. On only one occasion did we see one of the birds fly, and then only because it was extremely agitated by the presence of a person. On other occasions when danger threatened they would crouch low and move off in their characteristic posture.

In one particular section of the paddock the birds were seen several times to pick up sticks and leaves and lay them to one side. At these times they did not appear to be feeding. It was in this area that the birds lay two eggs on the night of 2/3 November, 1979. One bird was always on the eggs, which were laid in a very slight depression, on open ground near some large trees. At no time during the day did we see the birds take turns on the nest. The nest could be easily seen from our lounge and we rarely passed the window without stopping to look.

On the morning of 27th November, I noticed that the bird was very restless on the nest which was not usual behaviour. On checking with binoculars I could see that one chick had hatched. During the day the other bird approached the nest more often and at times both the chick and the remaining egg could be seen. At dusk the other egg still hadn't hatched.

Early next morning the nest site was empty, but the birds were only two metres away under some saplings, sitting quietly in some long grass. Both chicks and the parents could be observed at intervals during the day. The birds have remained in the area since then, moving about through about four 2½ acre blocks some of which are well mown. Both young were seen with their parents on 9th November within about 10 metres of our house. When approached, the young flattened themsevles on the ground and the parents attempted to lead us away from them. When this failed they stood and watched us at a distance. Since then we have heard them calling almost every night but have not seen them.

The Bush Thick-knee has apparently been a common resident in the area between Moggill and Kenmore. However, as more paddocks are cleared for houses their presence in this area may be threatened.

Susan Elmes.

FIELD TRIP REPORT - 27.1.80. Perseverance Dam.

Perseverance Dam was chosen for the January field trip because we hoped to see a nesting pair of Peregrine Falcons there. It had previously been reported that a pair were nesting in the old quarry near the dam.

FIELD TRIP REPORT - 27.1.80. (cont'd) Perseverance Dam.

All participants did in fact get good views of a Peregrine Falcon. On arrival, one was observed perched in a tree above the quarry where it remained for some time allowing fairly intensive study. Shortly afterwards it flew round the quarry then disappeared not to be seen again. While the bird was in flight its distinctive markings could be seen and we also heard its not readily forgotten call.

Unfortunately we failed to pinpoint its nest. However, for two reasons this was not totally unexpected. Firstly, the Peregrine Falcon does not build an elaborate nest and secondly the breeding season is now over.

The day was very hot and possibly for this reason not a great number of birds were seen on the trip.

On the dam itself, species seen were Darter, Great Cormorant, Little Black Cormorant, Little Pied Cormorant, Pacific Black Duck, Maned Duck, Hardhead and Dusky Moorhen. However, water-skiers were also present on the dam, and this probably contributed to the small numbers of these species.

John Gregor.

Species List - Perseverance Dam - 27.1.80.

Darter

Great Cormorant Little Black Cormorant Little Pied Cormorant Pacific Black Duck Hardhead Maned Duck Wedge-tailed Eagle Peregrine Falcon Dusky Moorhen Crested Pigeon Pale-headed Rosella Laughing Kookaburra Welcome Swallow Willie Wagtail Superb Fairy-wren White-browed Scrub-wren Noisy Friarbird Noisy Miner Lewin's Honeyeater Brown Honeyeater Silvereye Red-browed Firetail Australian Magpie-lark Australian Magpie Torresian Crow.

MEMBERS' BIRD NOTES.

Striated Heron. 6.1.80. Broadbeach. MA. SB. Royal Spoonbill. 28.1.80. Shorelands, Withcott. AS. Pacific Baza. 23.12.79. Echo Valley. MA. LA. Peregrine Falcon. 27.1.80. Perseverance Dam. AS. JS. Australian Hobby. 19.1.80. Concordia College. MA. LA. Buff-banded Rail. 30.12.79. Hervey Bay. SE. Yellow-eyed Cuckoo-shrike. 3.1.80. Prince Henry Drive. GC. Crested Shrike-tit. 30.12.79. Goomburra. MA. SB. Spotted Quail-thrush. 13.1.80. Crows Nest. GC. JCC. Golden-headed Cisticola. Dec. '79. Moggill Rd. SE. Yellow Thornbill. 30.1.80. Memory St. MA. Red Wattlebird. 30.12.79. Goomburra. MA. LA.

MEMBERS' BIRD NOTES. (cont'd)

Bell Miner. 30.12.79. Goomburra. MA. LA. SB. Black-chinned Honeyeater. 17.1.80. Esther St. DN. Chestnut-brested Mannikin. Dec. '79. Moggill Rd. SE. Spangled Drongo. 23.1.80. Memory St. MA. Regent Bowerbird. 5.1.80. Prince Henry Drive. JCC.

MA: Michael Atzeni. LA: Laurie Atzeni. SB: Shane Bradey GC: Graham Corbin. JCC: Jane Corbin. SE: Susan Elmes. DM: David Newlands. AS: Ann Shore. JS: John Shore.

FIELD DAY FOR FEBRUARY.

Date: <u>Sunday, February 24th, 1980</u>. Place: Flagstone Creek. Assembly Point: Pigott's Car Park. Time: 8.15 am for departure 8.30 am sharp.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

QOS Newsletter - January, 1980.

The Bird Observer - December, 1979.

Urimbirra - January, 1980.

ANNUAL BIRD SUMMARY, 1979.

This is the fourth Annual Summary produced by this Club. It covers the period 1st January to December 31st, 1979. It is compiled from the monthly checklists submitted by members during the period and together with the previous three, contributes further to our pool of local bird knowledge.

The area covered by this Summary remains the same as last year. The boundaries are as set down in News-sheet No. 24, December 1977. This Summary is a composite of the uprange and downrange lists provided by contributing members. However the separate lists maintained during the year are preserved against the need to compare the two sub-sections.

The Club list now stands at 207 species. Of this number 193 were sighted during the period under review. The remaining 14 species are: Little Bittern, Red Goshawk, Red-chested Button-quail, Sooty Tern, Rose-crowned Fruit Dove, Powerful Owl, Noisy Pitta, White-winged Triller, Rufous Songlark, Spotted Quail-thrush, Spiny-cheeked Honeyeater, White-breasted Woodswallow, Masked Woodswallow, White-browed Woodswallow.

A total of <u>8</u> new species were added to the list during the year. The sighting details were published in the News-sheet as they occurred and as always, identification by at least two members was the requisite condition before admitting the birds to the list. Obviously as the list has grown the numbers of new species will diminish. However there are still a few species which have been seen at various times but not confirmed; such birds as Peregrine Falcon, Swamp Harrier, Squatter Pigeon and Little Woodswallow await discovery by two members together.

Finally, many thanks to the members who submitted checklists during the year. Please keep up the flow during 1980.

Ron Hopkinson Records Officer.

Nomenclature used is that of R.A.O.U. "English names for Australian birds", supplement to "Emu" Vol. 77 - May, 1978. (Slater Guides usage in brackets).

Species name.

Months Recorded.

Hoary-headed Grebe Aust. Grebe (Little)	+1	2	3	4	15	6		8	-	10	+	1 10
Aust. Pelican	+	12	+	4	+-	+-	+	+ °	-	110	11	12
Darter	-	+-	+	+		+	-	8		-		
Gr. Cormorant (Black)	-	+	3		+	+		10	+	-	+	den an
Pied Cormorant	12 2.2	+	3		-	6		10		-	-	
Little B. Cormorant	-	2	3	+	-	and the second second	+ 4	8		4		
Little P. Cormorant	+	2	3	+	+ -	6	1	8	+		11	
Pacific Heron (Wh.Necked)	+	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	
White-faced Heron	++	the second		4	5	6	11	8	9	10	11	12
Cattle Egret	1	2	3	4	5	. 6	17	8	9	10	11	12
Great Egret (White)	4	2	3	4	5		7	8	9	10		
		2		4	5		17	8		10		12
Intermediate Egret (Plumed)		2		4				1		10		0.000
Ruf.Night Heron (Nank.)			-							10	11	
Little Bittern												
Black Bittern		2	3									
Black-necked Stork (Jabiru)				4					1	1	1	
Glossy Ibis	A service	2	3	4			7			10	1	
Sacred Ibis (White)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Straw-necked Ibis	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Royal Spoonbill	1	2			5			1	9			12
Yellow-b. Spoonbill		2			1			8	1	-	1	
Plumed WhistDuck (Grass)	1	2		4		1.000	-	<u> </u>	-			
Black Swan		2				1.000			1			
Pacific Black Duck	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Grey Teal	11	2	3	4	5	<u>ا</u>		8		10	11	12
Australasian Shoveler (Blue-w.)		1	-		–	-		8		10		a string of the
Hardhead (Wh.eyed Duck)	1	2		4		6	7	8				-
Maned Duck (Wood)	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	110	1	10
B1Sh. Kite	++	2	3	4	5	6		8	9	10	11	12
Pacific Baza (Crest Hawk)	1	2		7		0		0	9	10	11	12
Black Kite	+	-			5	6				-		
Squared-tailed Kite	-		1		5	6			-			
Whistling Kite		2		-					9		1	
Brown Goshawk	1									10		CILL PARSE
Collared Sparrowhawk	11	2	3	4	5	6	_7					
Grey Goshawk		-			-			8	9	10		
Red Goshawk		2	3		5	6	7					
		-										
Wedge-tailed Eagle	1	2	*3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Little Eagle					5			8	9		11	
Spotted Harrier				-5		6	1	8		11.4		
Black Falcon		2	3		5	6	1			11.11.10.00		
Aust. Hobby (Lit. Falcon)	H)	2			5	6	7		9	10		
Brown Falcon			3	4		6			9	10	11	
Aust.Kestrel (Nankeen)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Auc+ Dauch tunker			- 1				7	8	9	10		
Aust. Brush-turkey	-	2	3	4	5		7	8	9	10	11	12
Stubble Quail	1	the same state of the	3					8				16
Stubble Quail Brown Quail	$\frac{1}{1}$	2	5					-		1		
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail	1	2	-	. 1				Set We				
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail Dusky Moorhen	$\frac{1}{1}$	2	3	4	5			8		-10	11	
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail Dusky Moorhen Purple Swamphen	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$	-		4	5	6	_	8		10	11	10
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail Dusky Moorhen Purple Swamphen Eurasian Coot	1 1 1	2 2	3	4	5 5	6		8		10	11 11	12
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail Dusky Moorhen Purple Swamphen Eurasian Coot	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2	3	4 4	Annual Contractor of the other	6		8		10 10		12
Stubble Quail Brown Quail Red-Ch. Button Quail Dusky Moorhen Purple Swamphen	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2	3	4	Annual Contractor of the other	6		8	9	10		12

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Species name.

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Months Recorded.

							-		-		<u></u> .	
Bl.fr, Plover (Dott)	11	12	1	1	1-	1	1	18	1	1	1	1
B1winged Stilt	11	2			+	-	2.00	8	9	10	+	
Latham's Snipe (Jap.)		-	+	-	1	-	+	8	1-	+ 10		+
Sharp-tailed Sandpiper	-	-					+	10		+10		1
Silver Gull	1	2		-					-	10		-
Sooty Tern							+			-	a larrent	1
Rose-cr.Fr.Dove(Red-cr.Fr.Pig.)					+	+	+	1-20-				151,52
Topknot Pigeon	-	2	3	1	+	+	+		-	-		
White-headed Pigeon		6	10	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	12
Feral Pigeon (Domestic)		10						1	9	10		
Spotted Turtle-Dove	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Proceed furthe-bove	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Br.Cuckoo-Dove (Pigeon)	-	1					17	8		10	111	
Peaceful Dove	1	2	3	4	5	6	17		9	1 10		12
Bar-shouldered Dove	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Emerald Dove (Grw.Pigeon)		2		4		6	1.	8	9	110	+	
Common Bronzewing		2	3		5	6	7	8	9		1	+
Crested Pigeon	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	19	10	11	12
Wonga Pigeon	1	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	9	10	111	12
Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo		1-	1-	1	1-	-				10	11	+
Glossy Black-Cockatoo		2	1	1-	-			1	+	10		
Galah	11	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	9	1 10	+	
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	+-		10			0	17	0	9	10	11	12
Rainbow Lorikeet	1-	2	3		-	-	7	-		-		
Scaly-breasted Lorikeet	1 1	2		4	5	6	1	8		-	11	1
Musk Lorikeet	- <u>+</u>	6	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Little Lorikeet		-	-		5							
	-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australian King Parrot		-	3	-	5		7	8	9	10		
Cockatiel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Crimson Rosella				4			7	8		1.1.1.1.1.1.1		
Eastern Rosella	1				5			8	1	1		
Pale-headed Rosella	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Red-rumped Parrot	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Oriental Cuckoo	11									10		16
Pallid Cuckoo	1	2					2-11-2-1	-				
Brush Cuckoo	1	2			3.44	12	7					
Fan-tailed Cuckoo	11	2		4	5			8		-	1	
Horsefield's Bronze-Cuckoo	1-							0		10		
Shining Bronze-Cuckoo	+	2		-				0		10		
Common Koel	1-7-	2	3	4		- 1,5 -		8		10		
Channel-billed Cuckoo	++	2	3	and the second second				-	9	10	11	12
Pheasant Coucal	1-1-	2	3	4	5	6	/	8	9	10	11	12
Powerful Ow1	1	6	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	12
Southern Boobook (Ow1)												
	1	2	3	4	5		7	8	9		11	12
Barking Owl	1			4								
Barn Owl	1	3.1-	3					8	9			12
Tawny Frogmouth	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australian Owlet-nightjar		2			-			8	-			
White-throated Nightjar	1		3	4								12
Whthro.Needletail(Sp.t.swift)	1	2	3	4						10	11	12
Fork-tailed Swift		2		-	-					10	11	12
Azure Kingfisher										10	_	
Laughing Kookaburra	11	2	3	4	5	6	-	0	~	10	11	
Red-backed Kingfisher	-	-	3	4	3	0	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sacred Kingfisher	1-	2	2	-						10		12
Rainbow Bee-eater	1	the second s	3	4		6		8	9	10	11	12
Dollarbird	1	2	3	4				8	9	10	11	12
		21	3	4	5	6			9	10	11	12

Species Name.

100

Months Recorded.

Noisy Pitta Singing Bushlark	+1	2					7	8	9	10	11	
White-backed Swallow	+ +	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Velcome Swallow	+ 1	2	3	4	5	6	+ +	8	9	and the second sec		12
Tree Martin	+++	2	13	4	5	0	1 7	0	A COLUMN TWO IS NOT	10	11	12
	1 1	2	1-2	1		1	17	-	9	10		
Fairy Martin	+ +		3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	10
Richard's Pipit (Aust.)	+ + + -	2		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Whbellied Cuckoo-shr(Little)	+		3	-								
Yeyed Cuckoo Shr. (Barred)	+	-	-						-			12
Cicadabird	1	2	3	4				1				-
Ground Cuckoo-shrike	1			-	_			1	1	10		
White-winged Triller	1											
Varied Triller	1.50	2		4			7	8	9	10		
Rose Robin			1. 100		5		7	8				
Red-capped Robin						6				1		
Eastern Yellow Robin		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Jacky Winter(Br.Flycatcher)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		Real I		1.10
Crested Shrike-tit							7			13		
Golden Whistler				4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Rufous Whistler		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Grey Shrike-thrush	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Black-f.Monarch (Flycatcher)	1	2	3						1	10	11	12
Spec.Monarch (Flycatcher)	11111	2							1	10	11	
Leaden Flycatcher	1	2	3	4				8	9	10	11	12
Satin Flycatcher	1	1	3	4					9	10		
Restless Flycatcher	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
Rufous Fantail	1	2	3				1			10	11	12
Grey Fantail	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Willie Wagtail	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Eastern Whipbird	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Spotted Quail-thrush	1					-	<u> </u>			10	11	16
Grey-crowned Babbler	1-1-	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Clamorous Reed-Warbler	+ -	2	3		5			8		10	11	14
Tawny Grassbird		2	3		3		- 7	0		10	11	
Golden-headed Cisticola	+	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Rufous Songlark	+ +			4	5	0		0	9	1 10	11	12
			2		_							
Brown Songlark Sup.Fairy-wren(Sup.Blue Wr.)	+	3	3	1		6		0	0	1 10	11	10
	+1	2		4	5	6		8	9	10	11	12
Var. Fairy-wren (Var.Wren)	1	2	3	-	5	-	1	8	9	10	11	12
Red-b.Fairy-wren(Rb. wren)	1	2	3	4.	5	1000	1	8	9	10	11	12
Large-billed Scrubwren		-	-	4	5	-		-	9	1		12
White-browed Scrubwren	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	12
Speckled Warbler	1	-	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	14		
Veebill		2	-	4					9	. 4 ¥	11	
Whth.Gerygone (Warbler)	1	2	3	4	5	6		8	9	10	11	12
Brown Thornbill	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Yrumped Thornbill(Y.tailed)	1 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

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Species Name.

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Months Recorded.

Yellow Thornbill (Little) Striated Thornbill			4	-			-	8		1	1	1
	1		_	4		6	7					12
Var.Sittella(Inc.all Sittella)	1		3	4	5		7	8	9	10	11	
White-throated Treecreeper	1	2	3	4			7	8	9	10	11	12
Red Wattlebird	1	2	3		5		7	8	1			
Spiny-cheeked Honeyeater											T	1
Striped Honeyeater	1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9			12
Noisy Friarbird	1	2	3	4	5	6		8	9	10	11	12
Little Friarbird	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Blue-faced Honeyeater	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	111	12
Noisy Miner	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Lewin's Honeyeater	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	111	12
Yellow-faced Honeyeater		2	3	4	5		7	8	9	10	11	
White-throated Honeyeater								1	9		+	+
White-naped Honeyeater	34	2		4				8	9		1	
Brown Honeyeater	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	111	12
Eastern Spinebill					5	16	17	8	9	10	+	1 16
Scarlet Honeyeater			3	4		-	17	8	9	10	111	
Mistletoebird	1	2	3	4	5	1	7	Ť	9	10	$+\frac{11}{11}$	12
Spotted Pardalote	11	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	19	10	111	12
Striated Pardalote(B1.head)	11	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	19	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	12
Silvereye (Grbreasted)	11	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	19	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	12
House Sparrow	11	2	3	4	5	6	+	8	9	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	12
Red-browed Firetail (Finch)	11	2	3	4	5	6	+	8	9	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	
Zebra Finch	11	2	3			1-	17	8	19	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	12
Double-barred Finch	11	12	3	4	5	6	+	8	9	10	$\frac{11}{11}$	12 12
Plum-headed Finch	+-		+		-	1-	+	0	19	10	+ 11	12
Chestnut-br.Mannikin(Finch)	1	2	3	4	5	6		1.000	9	10	111	
Common Starling (English)	1	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	9	10	11	10
Common Mynah (Indian)	1	2	3	4	5	6	1-	8	9		11	12
Olive-backed Oriole	1	2	3	4	5	6	+	8	9	10	11	12
Figbird (Southern)	$\frac{1}{1}$	2	3	4	5	6	17	8	9	10	11	12
Spangled Drongo	11	2	3	4	5	10	1	0	9	10	11	12
Satin Bowerbird	+	2	3	4	5				9	10	11	12
Regent Bowerbird	+	2	1-	4	5	6		10-	0	1.0		10
White-winged Chough	+				5	0	7	8	9	10	11	12
Aust. Magpie-lark	17	12	3	-		10	-	-		10		
Whbr. Wood-swallow	+	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	10	11	12
Masked Woodswallow								1				
Whbrowed Wood-swallow	1									L		
Bfaced Wood-swallow	Carene.							-				
Dusky Woodswallow	+		-	-	-					10		
Grey Butcherbird		2	3	4	5				9	10	11	
Pied Butcherbird	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australian Magpie	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Pied Currawong	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Australian Raven	11	2	3	11	5		7			10		1.1.1
Torresian Crow (Aust.)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR 1980.

Any members who have not yet remitted their subscription for 1980 are requested to complete the slip below and forward it with their subscription to the Secretary/Treasurer at the earliest opportunity.

To: The Secretary, Toowoomba Bird Club, "Shorelands", Withcott, 4344.

I am enclosing herewith the sum of \$6.00 (\$3.00 for students) being my membership subscription to the Toowoomba Bird Club for the calendar year 1980.

Signed